



FINAL

**PERMIT to OPERATE No. 8103-R7
and
PART 70 *RENEWAL* OPERATING PERMIT No. 8103-R7**

**VENOCO – ELLWOOD
BEACHFRONT LEASE**

**PRC LEASE 421
GOLETA, CALIFORNIA**

**OPERATOR
Venoco, Inc.**

**OWNERSHIP
Venoco, Inc.**

**Santa Barbara County
Air Pollution Control District**

December, 2008

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ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

APCO	Air Pollution Control Officer
AP-42	USEPA <i>Compilation of Emission Factors</i> document
API	American Petroleum Institute
AQAP	Air Quality Attainment Plan
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Materials
ATC	Authority to Construct
bbl	barrel (42 gallons per barrel)
BS&W	Basic water and sediment
bhp	brake horsepower
bpd	barrels per day
BSFC	brake-specific fuel consumption
Btu	British thermal unit
CAAA	Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990
CAP	Clean Air Plan
CARB	California Air Resources Board
CEMS	continuous emissions monitoring system
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
clp	component leak-path
CO	carbon monoxide
CO ₂	carbon dioxide
COA	corresponding offshore area
EOF	Ellwood Onshore Facility
ERC	emission reduction credit
FHC	fugitive hydrocarbon
FR	Federal Register
FWKO	Free Water Knockout
gr	grain
g	gram
gal	gallon
HHV	higher heating value
H ₂ S	hydrogen sulfide
H&SC	California Health and Safety Code
IC	internal combustion
I&M	inspection and maintenance
k	thousand
kV	kilovolt
lb.	pound
LHV	lower heating value
MCC	motor control center
MM, mm	million
MSDS	Material Safety Data Sheet
MW	molecular weight
NESHAP	National Emissions Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NGL	natural gas liquids
NO _x	oxides of nitrogen (calculated as NO ₂)
NSPS	New Source Performance Standards
PFD	process flow diagram

P&ID	pipng and instrumentation diagram
ppmv	parts per million volume (concentration)
psia	pounds per square inch absolute
psig	pounds per square inch gauge
PM	particulate matter
PM ₁₀	particulate matter less than 10 mm in size
PSV	pressure safety valve
PTO	Permit to Operate
PRD	pressure relief device
PVRV	pressure vacuum relief valve
ROC	reactive organic compounds
SBCAPCD	Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District or District or APCD
scf	standard cubic feet
scfd	standard cubic feet per day
scfm	standard cubic feet per minute
SCAQMD	South Coast Air Quality Management District
SCE	Southern California Edison
SO _x	sulfur oxides
TEG	triethylene glycol
TOC	total organic compounds
tpq	tons per quarter
tpy	tons per year
TVP	true vapor pressure
USEPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency or EPA
UPS	uninterrupted power supply
VRS	vapor recovery system
wt %	weight percent

1.0 Introduction

1.1 Purpose

General. The Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District (APCD) is responsible for implementing all applicable federal, state and local air pollution requirements that affect any stationary source of air pollution in Santa Barbara County. The federal requirements include regulations listed in the Code of Federal Regulations: 40 CFR Parts 50, 51, 52, 55, 60, 61, 63, 68, 70 and 82. The State regulations may be found in the California Health & Safety Code, Division 26, Section 39000 et seq. The applicable APCD enforceable regulations can be found in the APCD's Rules and Regulations. This is a combined permitting action that covers both the Federal Part 70 permit (*Part 70 Operating Permit No. 8103*) as well as the State Operating Permit (*Permit to Operate No. 8103*).

The County is designated as an ozone nonattainment area for both the state and federal ambient air quality standards. The County is also designated a nonattainment area for the state PM₁₀ ambient air quality standard.

Part 70 Permitting. This is the third renewal of the Beachfront Lease's Part 70 operating permit and satisfies the permit issuance requirements of the APCD's Part 70 operating permit program. The APCD triennial permit reevaluation has been combined with this Part 70 Permit renewal. The Beachfront Lease is a part of the *Venoco – Ellwood* stationary source (SSID = 1063), which is a major source for VOC¹, NO_x and CO. Conditions listed in this permit are based on federal, state or APCD-enforceable rules and requirements. Sections 9.A, 9.B and 9.C of this permit are enforceable by the APCD, the USEPA and the public since these sections are federally enforceable under Part 70. Where any reference contained in Sections 9.A, 9.B or 9.C refers to any other part of this permit, that part of the permit referred to is federally enforceable. Conditions listed in Section 9.D are "APCD-only" enforceable.

Pursuant to the stated aims of Title V of the CAAA of 1990 (i.e., the Part 70 operating permit program), this permit has been designed to meet two objectives. First, compliance with all conditions in this permit would ensure compliance with all federally enforceable requirements for the facility. Second, the permit would be a comprehensive document to be used as a reference by the permittee, the regulatory agencies and the public to assess compliance.

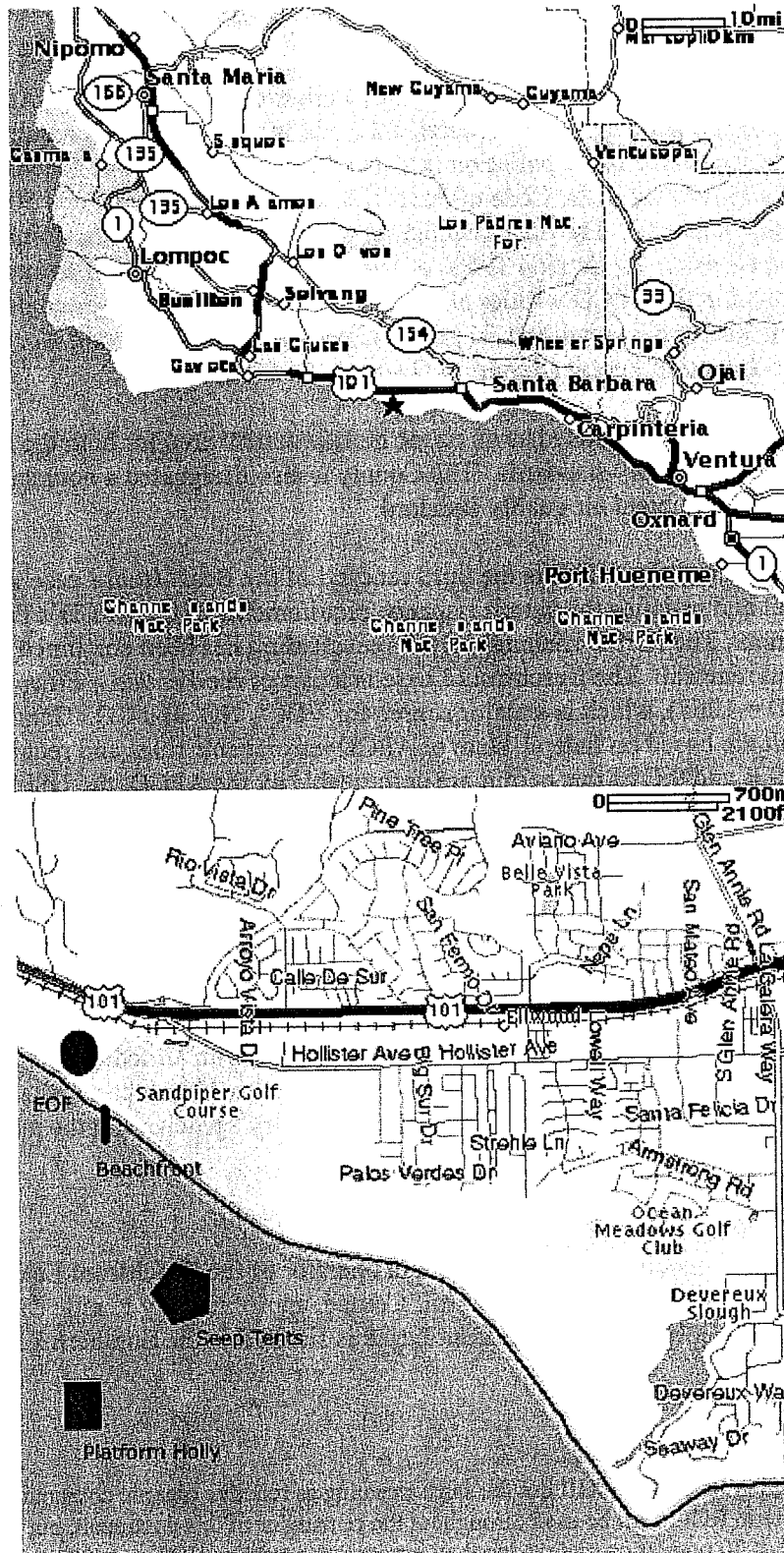
1.2 Facility Overview

- 1.2.1 General: Venoco is the sole owner and operator of the Beachfront Lease, located below the coastal bluff south of Sandpiper Golf Course, approximately ½ mile east of the mouth of Bell Canyon in Goleta. The Beachfront Lease is situated in the Southern Zone²

¹ VOC as defined in Regulation XIII has the same meaning as reactive organic compounds as defined in Rule 102. The term ROC shall be used throughout the remainder of this document, but where used in the context of the Part 70 regulation, the reader shall interpret the term as VOC.

² APCD Rule 102, Definition: "Southern Zone"

Figure 1.1 Location Map for the Beachfront Lease



of Santa Barbara County. Figure 1.1 shows the relative location of the Beachfront Lease shows the relative location of the facility within the county.

The *Venoco – Ellwood* stationary source consists of the following 4 facilities:

- Platform Holly (FID= 3105)
- Ellwood Onshore Facility (FID= 0028)
- Beachfront Lease (FID= 3035)
- Seep Containment Device (FID= 1065)

1.2.2 Facility Operations Overview: The Beachfront Lease was constructed prior to 1970. The basic design of the Beachfront Lease was as follows³:

Oil and water were produced from a coastal (beach line) well located on a pier designated SLC-421-2. The pumping unit was driven by a gas-fired IC engine. The emulsion was piped to a second adjacent pier designated SLC-421-1, where the emulsion passed through a free-water knockout vessel and entered a storage tank either directly or through a small test tank. Oil was piped to Line 96 and then sent to the Ellwood Marine Terminal⁴. The water separated from the emulsion was disposed by re-injection into the producing formation through a disposal well on SLC-421-1 using a gas-fired IC engine. The facility was capable of processing 250 barrels of dry oil per day⁵. The oil produced at Beachfront Lease was last analyzed in December 2000 at an API gravity of 35.8° and a true vapor pressure of 2.4 psia at 80° F and 5.2 psia at 120° F. Oil production operations at the facility have been shut down since 1994.

1.2.3 Current Permits/Facility Overview: ARCO obtained an NSR permit (ATC 8103) on July 20, 1990 from the APCD. This permit increased the oil production rate from 60 to 250 bbl/day and eliminated a water throughput limitation of 400 bbls/day. It also added the existing water injection well cellar to the equipment list. All equipment emission limits in ATC/PTO 8103 are therefore federally enforceable.

Current permitted equipment located at the facility consists of an oil and gas wellhead and a 11' diameter well cellar.

1.3 **Emission Sources**

The emissions from the Beachfront Lease come from a well cellar and fugitive emission components associated with an oil well head. Section 4 of the permit provides the APCD's engineering analysis of these emission sources. Section 5 of the permit describes the

³ Although specific equipment items may be discussed herein for the process description, it should be noted that most equipment no longer exists at the site. Since removed equipment does not meet the requirements of APCD Rule 201.J (Absence of Permitted Equipment), it has been deleted from this APCD permit. Venoco will need to submit ATC permit application(s) to install or replace any emissions unit. These units include: oil production tank, crude oil test tank, oil shipping pump, oil lift pump, various piping components and the natural gas fired IC engines (unless permit exempt).

⁴ Sections of the pipeline from the Beachfront Lease to Line 96 have been removed. As such, any operations transferring oil offsite may require the appropriate land use and APCD permit approvals.

⁵ The gas production rates are not known.

allowable emissions from each permitted emissions unit and also lists the potential emissions from non-permitted emission units.

The emission sources include:

- Well Cellars
- Fugitive emission components in gas/liquid hydrocarbon service on well head

A list of all permitted equipment is provided in Section 10.5 .

1.4 Emission Control Overview

Air contaminant emission controls are utilized at the Beachfront Lease for the fugitive emission units. The emission control employed at the facility is:

- ☞ An Inspection & Maintenance program for detecting and repairing leaks of hydrocarbons from piping components, i.e., valves, flanges and seals, consistent with the requirements of the APCD Rule 331, to reduce ROC emissions by approximately 80 percent.

1.5 Offsets/Emission Reduction Credit Overview

Offsets: The Beachfront Lease does not require emission offsets.

Emission Reduction Credits: The Beachfront Lease does not generate emission reduction credits.

1.6 Part 70 Operating Permit Overview

- 1.6.1. Federally enforceable Requirements: All federally enforceable requirements are listed in 40 CFR Part 70.2 (*Definitions*) under “applicable requirements.” These include all SIP-approved APCD Rules, all conditions in the APCD-issued Authority to Construct permits and all conditions applicable to major sources under federally promulgated rules and regulations. All these requirements are enforceable by the public under CAAA. See Tables 3.1 and 3.2 for a list of federally enforceable requirements.
- 1.6.2. Insignificant Emissions Units: Insignificant emission units are defined under APCD Rule 1301 as any regulated air pollutant emitted from the unit, excluding Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs), that are less than 2 tons per year based on the unit’s potential to emit and any HAP regulated under section 112(g) of the Clean Air Act that does not exceed 0.5 ton per year based on the unit’s potential to emit. Insignificant activities must be listed in the Part 70 application with supporting calculations. Applicable requirements may apply to insignificant units. See Attachment 10.6 for the Insignificant Emissions Unit list.
- 1.6.3. Federal Potential to Emit: The federal potential to emit (PTE) of a stationary source does not include fugitive emissions of any pollutant, unless the source is: (1) subject to a federal NSPS/NESHAP requirement, or (2) included in the 29-category source list specified in 40 CFR 1.166 or 52.21. The federal PTE does include all emissions from any insignificant emissions units. See Section 5.4 for the federal PTE for this source.
- 1.6.4. Permit Shield: The operator of a major source may be granted a shield: (a) specifically stipulating any federally enforceable conditions that are no longer applicable to the source

and (b) stating the reasons for such non-applicability. The permit shield must be based on a request from the source and its detailed review by the APCD. Permit shields cannot be granted indiscriminately with respect to all federal requirements. Venoco has not made a request for a permit shield.

- 1.6.5. Alternate Operating Scenarios: A major source may be permitted to operate under different operating scenarios, if appropriate descriptions of such scenarios are included in its Part 70 permit application and if such operations are allowed under federally enforceable rules. Venoco made no request for permitted alternative operating scenarios.
- 1.6.6. Compliance Certification: Part 70 permit holders must certify compliance with all applicable federally enforceable requirements including permit conditions. Such certification must accompany each Part 70 permit application; and, be re-submitted semi-annually on or before March 1st and September 1st as specified in the permit. Each certification is signed by a "responsible official" of the owner/operator company whose name and address is listed prominently in the Part 70 permit. See Section 1.6.9 below.
- 1.6.7. Permit Reopening: Part 70 permits are re-opened and revised if the source becomes subject to a new rule or new permit conditions are necessary to ensure compliance with existing rules. The permits are also re-opened if they contain a material mistake or the emission limitations or other conditions are based on inaccurate permit application data.
- 1.6.8. MACT/Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs): Part 70 permits also regulate emission of HAPs from major sources through the imposition of maximum achievable control technology (MACT), where applicable. The federal PTE for HAP emissions from a source is computed to determine MACT or any other rule applicability. See Sections 4 and 5.
- 1.6.9. Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM): The CAM rule became effective on April 22, 1998. This rule affects emission units at the source subject to a federally enforceable emission limit or standard that uses a control device to comply with the emission standard, and either pre-control or post-control emissions exceed the Part 70 source emission thresholds. Sources subject to CAM Rule must submit a CAM Rule Compliance Plan along with their Part 70 operating permit renewal applications. (see Section 4.7.3). The APCD has determined that no emissions unit at this facility is subject to CAM Rule.
- 1.6.10 Responsible Official: The designated responsible official and their mailing address are:

Ed O'Donnell, Senior Vice President
Venoco, Inc.
6267 Carpinteria Ave., Suite 100
Carpinteria, CA 93013-1423

2.0 Process Description

2.1 Process Summary

The Beachfront Lease is currently not capable of producing oil and gas due to the physical absence and/or inoperability of key process equipment such as: the oil pipeline to Line 96, oil production tank, crude oil test tank, oil shipping pump, oil lift pump, various piping components and the natural gas-fired IC engines. Even if this equipment were still present, the facility could not operate in compliance with APCD rules without a gas gathering system for the free-water knockout vessel or a vapor recovery system for control of the tanks. Venoco must first obtain ATC permit(s) from the APCD to install these process units in order for production to commence. Further, any future operations to produce and/or process oil at the Beachfront Lease may require APCD permit approvals.

2.2 Support Systems

Venoco has not identified any other support systems used in conjunction with the Beachfront Lease. Prior to commencing future operations, Venoco must demonstrate that the facility is in compliance with all applicable APCD rules and regulations.

2.3 Maintenance/Degreasing Activities

2.3.1 Paints and Coatings: Intermittent surface coating operations may be conducted at the facility for occasional structural and equipment maintenance needs, including architectural coating. All architectural coatings used must comply with APCD Rule 323, as verified through the rule-required recordkeeping.

2.3.2 Solvent Usage: Solvents not used for surface coating thinning may be used on the Beachfront Lease facility for daily operations. Usage includes cold solvent degreasing and wipe cleaning with rags.

2.4 Planned Process Turnarounds

Venoco has not listed any emissions from planned process turnarounds that should be permitted.

2.5 Other Processes

2.5.1 Well Cellar: The well cellars confine any oil spilled out in the area around the oil well casing. From the cellar, residual oil is skimmed off periodically as part of the maintenance operations. Normally, well cellars are kept dry.

2.5.2 Unplanned Activities/Emissions: Venoco has not identified any circumstances that would require special equipment use and result in excess emissions.

2.6 Detailed Process Equipment Listing

Refer to Section 10, Attachment 10.5 for a complete listing of all permitted equipment.

3.0 Regulatory Review

3.1 Rule Exemptions Claimed

- ☞ APCD Rule 202 (Exemptions to Rule 201): Venoco has requested a number of exemptions under this rule. An exemption from permit, however, does not necessarily grant relief from any applicable prohibitory rule. The following exemptions were approved by the APCD:
 - Section D.6 (*De Minimis*). As of August 29, 2008, Venoco has documented the total de minimis emissions increase at the stationary source to be 17.95 lbs/day of ROC, there are no de minimis increases at the Beachfront Lease. Detailed records of the de minimis emissions changes can be viewed at the APCD's office.
- ☞ APCD Rule 331 (Fugitive Emissions Inspection and Maintenance): The following exemptions were applied for and approved by the APCD:
 - Section B.2(c) for one-half inch and less stainless steel tubing fittings.
 - Section B.2.b for components buried below the ground.

3.2 Compliance with Applicable Federal Rules and Regulations

- 3.2.1 40 CFR Parts 51/52 {New Source Review(Non-attainment Area Review and Prevention of Significant Deterioration)}: The Beachfront Lease was constructed and permitted prior to the applicability of these regulations. ARCO obtained an NSR permit (ATC 8103) on July 20, 1990 from the APCD. This permit increased the oil production rate from 60 to 250 bbl/day and eliminated a water throughput limitation of 400 bbl/day. It also added the existing water injection well cellar to the equipment list. All equipment emission limits in ATC/PTO 8103 are, therefore, federally enforceable. Compliance with APCD Regulations VIII (*New Source Review*) and XIII (*Part 70 Operating Permits Program*) ensures that any future modifications to the facility will comply with these regulations.
- 3.2.2 40 CFR Part 60 {New Source Performance Standards}: None of the equipment in this permit is subject NSPS requirements.
- 3.2.3 40 CFR Part 61 {NESHAP}: None of the equipment in this permit is subject to NESHAP requirements.
- 3.2.4 40 CFR Part 63 {MACT}: On June 17, 1999, EPA promulgated Subpart HH, a National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPS) for Oil and Natural Gas Production and Natural Gas Transmission and Storage. Venoco submitted information on September 18, 2001 indicating the Beachfront facility is exempt from this requirements of MACT based on its "black oil" production per section 63.670(e)(1) of the subpart. Based on the information provided, the APCD concurs with the black oil exemption for this facility. Thus, only recordkeeping requirements apply to this facility, as specified in condition 9.B.12.
- 3.2.5 40 CFR Part 64 {Compliance Assurance Monitoring}: This rule became effective on April 22, 1998. This rule affects emission units at the source subject to a federally enforceable emission limit or standard that use a control device to comply with the emission standard, and either pre-control or post-control emissions exceed the Part 70 source emission thresholds. Compliance with this rule was evaluated and it was determined that no emission units at this facility are currently subject to CAM. See section 4.7.3 for further information

on CAM.

- 3.2.6 40 CFR Part 70 {Operating Permits}: This Subpart is applicable to the Beachfront Lease. Table 3.1 lists the federally enforceable APCD promulgated rules that are “generic” and apply to the Beachfront Lease. Table 3.2 lists the federally enforceable APCD promulgated rules that are “unit-specific” that apply to the Beachfront Lease. These tables are based on data available from the APCD’s administrative files and from Venoco/Venoco’s Part 70 Operating Permit application No. 9553 filed in May, 1996 and their renewal applications submitted on April 13, 2001 and on May 10, 2005. Table 3.4 includes the adoption dates of these rules.

In its Part 70 permit application, Venoco certified compliance with all existing APCD rules and permit conditions. This certification is also required of Venoco semi-annually. Issuance of this permit and compliance with all its terms and conditions will ensure that Venoco complies with the provisions of all applicable Subparts.

3.3 Compliance with Applicable State Rules and Regulations

- 3.3.1 Division 26. Air Resources {California Health & Safety Code}: The administrative provisions of the Health & Safety Code apply to this facility and will be enforced by the APCD. These provisions are APCD-enforceable only.
- 3.3.2 California Code of Regulations, Title 17, Sub-Chapter 6, Sections 92000 through 92530: These sections specify the standards by which abrasive blasting activities are governed throughout the State. All abrasive blasting activities at the Beachfront Lease are required to conform to these standards. Compliance will be assessed through onsite inspections. These standards are APCD-enforceable only. However, CAC Title 17 does not preempt enforcement of any SIP-approved rule that may be applicable to abrasive blasting activities.

3.4 Compliance with Applicable Local Rules and Regulations

- 3.4.1 Applicability Tables: Tables 3.1 and 3.2 list the federally enforceable APCD rules that apply to the Beach Front Lease. Table 3.3 lists the non-federally-enforceable APCD rules that apply to the Beachfront Lease. Table 3.4 lists the adoption date of all rules applicable to this permit at the date of this permit's issuance.
- 3.4.2 Rules Requiring Further Discussion: The last annual facility inspection occurred on March 17, 2005. The inspector reported that the facility was not in compliance with all applicable APCD rules and permit conditions. This section provides a more detailed discussion regarding the applicability and compliance of certain rules.

The following is a rule-by-rule evaluation of compliance for the Beachfront Lease:

Rule 210 - Fees: Pursuant to Section I.B.2, APCD permits are reevaluated every three years. The fees for this facility are based on the APCD Rule 210, Fee Schedule A. Attachment 10.3 presents the fee calculations for the reevaluated permit. The fees for this reevaluation are calculated per Section I.B.2.

Rule 301 - Circumvention: This rule prohibits the concealment of any activity that would otherwise constitute a violation of Division 26 (Air Resources) of the California H&SC and APCD rules and regulations.

Rule 303 - Nuisance: This rule prohibits the Beachfront Lease from causing a public nuisance due to the discharge of air contaminants. The APCD has not historically received nuisance complaints from the Beachfront Lease.

Rule 310 - Odorous Organic Compounds: This rule prohibits the discharge of H₂S and organic sulfides that result in a ground level impact beyond the property boundary in excess of either 0.06 ppmv averaged over 3 minutes and 0.03 ppmv averaged over 1 hour. No measured data exists to confirm compliance with this rule; however, the concentrations of hydrogen sulfide from this lease are expected to be low.

Rule 317 - Organic Solvents: This rule sets specific prohibitions against the discharge of emissions of both photochemically and non-photochemically reactive organic solvents (40 lb/day and 3,000 lb/day respectively). Solvents may be used on the Beachfront Lease during normal operations for degreasing by wipe cleaning and for use in paints and coatings in maintenance operations. There is the potential to exceed the limits under Section B.2 during significant surface coating activities. Venoco will be required to maintain records to ensure compliance with this rule.

Rule 322 - Metal Surface Coating Thinner and Reducer: This rule prohibits the use of photochemically reactive solvents for use as thinners or reducers in metal surface coatings. Venoco will be required to maintain records during maintenance operations to ensure compliance with this rule.

Rule 323 - Architectural Coatings: This rule sets standards for the application of surface coatings. The primary coating standard that will apply to the Beachfront Lease is for Industrial Maintenance Coatings that have a limit of 250 gram ROC per liter of coating, as applied. Venoco is required to comply with the Administrative requirements under Section F for each container on the Beachfront Lease.

Rule 324 - Disposal and Evaporation of Solvents: This rule prohibits any source from disposing more than one and a half gallons of any photochemically reactive solvent per day by means that will allow the evaporation of the solvent to the atmosphere. Venoco will be required to maintain records to ensure compliance with this rule.

Rule 325 - Crude Oil Production and Separation: This rule, adopted January 25, 1994, applies to equipment used in the production, processing, separation, gathering, and storage of crude oil and gas prior to custody transfer. The primary requirements of this rule are under Sections D and E. Section D requires the use of vapor recovery systems on all tanks and vessels, including crude oil storage tank, test tanks, free-water knock out vessels and scrubber vessels. Section E requires that all produced gas be controlled at all times, except for wells undergoing routine maintenance. Compliance with this rule will be assessed via periodic inspections.

Rule 331 - Fugitive Emissions Inspection and Maintenance: This rule applies to components in liquid and gaseous hydrocarbon service at oil and gas production fields. Venoco has submitted a Fugitive Inspection and Maintenance Plan and received final APCD approval of the Plan on May 6, 1993. The Plan was updated by Venoco in 2003; and has been approved by the APCD. Ongoing compliance with the many provisions of this rule will be assessed via inspection of the Beachfront Lease by APCD personnel using an organic vapor analyzer

and through analysis of operator records. The Beachfront Lease does not perform any routine venting of hydrocarbons to the atmosphere.

Rule 344 - Petroleum Sumps, Pits and Well Cellars: This rule regulates emissions from the well cellars at oil and gas production fields by requiring periodic clean outs and maintenance operations. Compliance with this rule is assessed on periodic inspections of the facility.

Rule 353 - Adhesives and Sealants: This rule applies to the use of adhesives, adhesive bonding primers, adhesive primers, sealants, sealant primers, or any other primers. Compliance shall be based on site inspections and records maintained by Venoco.

Rule 505 - Breakdown Conditions: This rule describes the procedures that Venoco must follow when a breakdown condition occurs to any emissions unit associated with the Beachfront Lease. A breakdown condition is defined as an unforeseeable failure or malfunction of (1) any air pollution control equipment or related operating equipment which causes a violation of an emission limitation or restriction prescribed in the APCD Rules and Regulations, or by State law, or (2) any in-stack continuous monitoring equipment, provided such failure or malfunction:

- a. Is not the result of neglect or disregard of any air pollution control law or rule or regulation;
- b. Is not the result of an intentional or negligent act or omission on the part of the owner or operator;
- c. Is not the result of improper maintenance;
- d. Does not constitute a nuisance as defined in Section 41700 of the Health and Safety Code;
- e. Is not a recurrent breakdown of the same equipment.

Rule 603 - Emergency Episode Plans: Section "A" of this rule requires the submittal of Stationary Source Curtailment Plan for all stationary sources that can be expected to emit more than 100 tons per year of hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides, carbon monoxide or particulate matter. Venoco submitted such a plan in July 1994; an update of this Plan may be required of Venoco, if the facility starts production.

3.5 Compliance History

This section contains a summary of the compliance history for this facility since January 1, 1997 and was obtained from documentation contained in the APCD's Administrative file.

- 3.5.1 Variances: Starting from January 1, 2003, no variances from the APCD Hearing Board have been issued to Venoco for this facility.
- 3.5.2 Violations: Starting from January 1, 2003, no Notices of Violations (NOVs) have been issued to this facility.

Table 3.1 - Generic Federally enforceable APCD Rules

Generic Requirements	Affected Emission Units	Basis for Applicability
<u>RULE 101</u> : Compliance by Existing Installations	All emission units	Emission of pollutants
<u>RULE 102</u> : Definitions	All emission units	Emission of pollutants
<u>RULE 103</u> : Severability	All emission units	Emission of pollutants
<u>RULE 201</u> : Permits Required	All emission units	Emission of pollutants
<u>RULE 202</u> : Exemptions to Rule 201	Applicable emission units, as listed in Form 1302-H in Part 70 application 9553	Insignificant activities/emissions, per size/rating/function
<u>RULE 203</u> : Transfer	All emission units	Change of ownership
<u>RULE 204</u> : Applications	All emission units	Addition of new equipment or modification to existing equipment.
<u>RULE 205</u> : Standards for Granting Permits	All emission units	Emission of pollutants
<u>RULE 206</u> : Conditional Approval of Authority to Construct or Permit to Operate	All emission units	Applicability of relevant Rules
<u>RULE 207</u> : Denial of Applications	All emission units	Applicability of relevant Rules
<u>RULE 208</u> : Action on Applications - Time Limits	All emission units. Not applicable to Part 70 permit applications.	Addition of new equipment or modification to existing equipment.
<u>RULE 212</u> : Emission Statements	All emission units	Administrative
<u>RULE 301</u> : Circumvention	All emission units	Any pollutant emission
<u>RULE 302</u> : Visible Emissions	All emission units	Particulate matter emissions
<u>RULE 303</u> : Nuisance	All emission units	Emissions that can injure, damage or offend.
<u>RULE 317</u> : Organic Solvents	Emission units using solvents	Solvent used in process operations.
<u>RULE 321</u> : Solvent Cleaning Operations	Emission units using solvents	Solvent used in process operations.
<u>RULE 322</u> : Metal Surface Coating Thinner and Reducer	Emission units using solvents	Solvent used in process operations.
<u>RULE 323</u> : Architectural Coatings	Paints used in maintenance and surface coating activities	Application of architectural coatings.
<u>RULE 353</u> : Adhesives and Sealants	Emission units using adhesives and sealants	Adhesives and sealants use.
<u>RULE 505.A, B1, D</u> : Breakdown Conditions	All emission units	Breakdowns where permit limits are exceeded or rule requirements

Generic Requirements	Affected Emission Units	Basis for Applicability
		are not complied with.
<u>RULE 603</u> : Emergency Episode Plans	Stationary sources with PTE greater than 100 tpy	Venoco – Ellwood is a major source.
<u>REGULATION VIII</u> : New Source Review	All emission units	Addition of new equipment of modification to existing equipment. Applications to generate ERC Certificates.
<u>REGULATION XIII (RULES 1301-1305)</u> : Part 70 Operating Permits	All emission units	Venoco – Ellwood is a major source.

Table 3.2 - Unit-Specific Federally enforceable APCD Rules

Unit-Specific Requirements	Affected Emission Units	Basis for Applicability
<u>RULE 325</u> : Crude Oil Production and Separation	Storage tanks: Emission units capable of venting gases	Venting prohibited under Rule 325.E
<u>RULE 331</u> : Fugitive Emissions Inspection & Maintenance	Components (valves, flanges etc.) used to handle oil and gas: EQ ID # 106332	Components emit fugitive ROCs.
<u>RULE 344</u> : Petroleum Sumps, Pits and Well Cellars	Well Cellars, ID # 100195	Well cellars at petroleum producing facility

Table 3.3 - Non-Federally enforceable APCD Rules

Requirement	Affected Emission Units	Basis for Applicability
<u>RULE 210</u> : Fees	All emission units	Administrative
<u>RULE 319</u> : Odorous Sulfides	All applicable emission units	Odorous sulfide emissions
<u>RULES 501-504</u> : Variance Rules	All emission units	Administrative
<u>RULE 505.B2, B3, C, E, F, G</u> : Breakdown Conditions	All emission units	Breakdowns where permit limits are exceeded or rule requirements are not complied with.
<u>RULES 506-519</u> : Variance Rules	All emission units	Administrative

Table 3.4 - Adoption Dates of APCD Rules Applicable at Issuance of Permit

Rule No.	Rule Name	Adoption Date
Rule 101	Compliance by Existing Installations: Conflicts	June 1981
Rule 102	Definitions	June 19, 2008
Rule 103	Severability	October 23, 1978
Rule 201	Permits Required	April 17, 1997
Rule 202	Exemptions to Rule 201	June 19, 2008
Rule 203	Transfer	April 17, 1997
Rule 204	Applications	April 17, 1997
Rule 205	Standards for Granting Permits	April 17, 1997
Rule 206	Conditional Approval of Authority to Construct or Permit to Operate	October 15, 1991
Rule 208	Action on Applications - Time Limits	April 17, 1997
Rule 212	Emission Statements	October 20, 1992
Rule 301	Circumvention	October 23, 1978
Rule 302	Visible Emissions	June 1981
Rule 303	Nuisance	October 23, 1978
Rule 305	Particulate Matter Concentration - Southern Zone	October 23, 1978
Rule 309	Specific Contaminants	October 23, 1978
Rule 310	Odorous Organic Sulfides	October 23, 1978
Rule 311	Sulfur Content of Fuels	October 23, 1978
Rule 317	Organic Solvents	October 23, 1978
Rule 321	Solvent Cleaning Operations	September 18, 1997
Rule 322	Metal Surface Coating Thinner and Reducer	October 23, 1978
Rule 323	Architectural Coatings	July 18, 1996
Rule 324	Disposal and Evaporation of Solvents	October 23, 1978
Rule 325	Crude Oil Production and Separation	January 25, 1994
Rule 326	Storage of Reactive Organic Compound Liquids	December 14, 1993
Rule 331	Fugitive Emissions Inspection and Maintenance	December 10, 1991
Rule 333	Control of Emissions from Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines	June 19, 2008

Rule No.	Rule Name	Adoption Date
Rule 342	Control of Oxides of Nitrogen (NOx) from Boilers, Steam Generators and Process Heaters	April 17, 1997
Rule 343	Petroleum Storage Tank Degassing	December 14, 1993
Rule 344	Petroleum Sumps, Pits and Well Cellars	November 10, 1994
Rule 359	Flares and Thermal Oxidizers	June 28, 1994
Rule 360	Emissions of Oxides of Nitrogen from Large Water Heaters and Small Boilers	October 17, 2002
Rule 361	Small Boilers, Steam Generators, and Process Heaters	January 17, 2008
Rule 505	Breakdown Conditions (Section A, B1 and D)	October 23, 1978
Rule 603	Emergency Episode Plans	June 15, 1981
Rule 801	New Source Review	April 17, 1997
Rule 802	Nonattainment Review	April 17, 1997
Rule 803	Prevention of Significant Deterioration	April 17, 1997
Rule 804	Emission Offsets	April 17, 1997
Rule 805	Air Quality Impact and Modeling	April 17, 1997
Rule 806	Emission Reduction Credits	April 17, 1997
Rule 901	New Source Performance Standards (NSPS)	May 16, 1996
Rule 1301	General Information	September 18, 1997
Rule 1302	Permit Application	November 9, 1993
Rule 1303	Permits	November 9, 1993
Rule 1304	Issuance, Renewal, Modification and Reopening	November 9, 1993
Rule 1305	Enforcement	November 9, 1993

4.0 Engineering Analysis

4.1 General

The engineering analyses performed for this permit were limited to the review of:

- ☞ emission factors and calculation methods for each emissions unit
- ☞ emission control equipment (including RACT, BACT, NSPS, NESHAP, MACT)
- ☞ emission source testing, sampling, CEMS, CAM
- ☞ process monitors needed to ensure compliance

Unless noted otherwise, default ROC/THC reactivity profiles from the APCD's document titled "*VOC/ROC Emission Factors and Reactivities for Common Source Types*" dated 3/12/01 (version. 1.2) was used to determine non-methane, non-ethane fraction of THC.

4.2 Fugitive Hydrocarbon Sources

- 4.2.1 General: Fugitive hydrocarbon emissions occur from leaks in process components such as valves, connections, pumps and pressure relief devices. Each of these component types may be comprised of several potential "leak paths" at the facility. For example, leak paths associated with a valve include the valve stem, bonnet and the upstream and downstream flanges. The total number of leak paths at the facility must be determined to perform fugitive emission calculations.
- 4.2.2 Emission Controls: A fugitive emissions control program is used to minimize potential leaks from the process components. Emission reductions are expected as a result of Venoco's implementation of an Inspection and Maintenance (I&M) program. The I&M program is designed to minimize leaks through controls. These controls consist of regular inspection of each leak source for leakage and repair of all components found leaking. An emission control efficiency of 80 percent is credited to all accessible and inaccessible components that are safe to monitor (as defined per Rule 331) due to the implementation of a APCD-approved Inspection and Maintenance program for leak detection and repair consistent with Rule 331 requirements. Unsafe to monitor components are not eligible for I&M control credit. Ongoing compliance is determined in the field by inspection with an organic vapor analyzer and verification of operator records.
- 4.2.3 Emission Factors: Emissions of reactive organic compounds from piping components such as valves, flanges and connections have been calculated using emission factors pursuant to APCD P&P 6100.061 (*Determination of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Emissions at Oil and Gas Facilities Through the Use of Facility Component Counts - Modified for Revised ROC Definition*) for components in gas/light liquid and oil/emulsion service. The component leak paths were counted consistent with P&P 6100.061. This leak path count is not the same as the component count required by APCD Rule 331.
- 4.2.4 Calculations: A total of 197 component leak paths at this facility were identified by PTO Mod 8103 01. The calculation methodology for the fugitive emissions is:

$$ER = [(EF \times CLP \div 24) \times (1 - CE) \times (HPP)]$$

where: ER = emission rate (lb/period)
 EF = ROC emission factor (lb/clp-day)
 CLP = component leak path (clp)
 CE = control efficiency
 HPP = operating hours per time period (hrs/period)

- 4.2.5 **Monitoring:** Inspections are performed with an Organic Vapor Analyzer consistent with EPA Method 21. Components are required to be repaired between 1 to 14 days, depending on the severity of the leak. Venoco's I&M program is consistent with the requirements of APCD Rule 331. Venoco's I&M program includes a component identification system. Components are physically identified in the field with a "tag" and given a unique number. An inventory of each tag is then maintained which describes the component type, service, accessibility and all associated leak paths. The leak path count serves as a basis for compliance with fugitive hydrocarbon emission limits.

4.3 Well Cellar

One (1) well cellar is used to collect oil spills from the facility around the oil and gas wellhead. Fugitive emissions to atmosphere occur from the cellar, which is regulated under Rule 344. These emissions are estimated based APCD P&P 6100.060 (*Calculation of Fugitive Hydrocarbon Emissions at Oil and Gas Facilities by the CARB/KVB Method - Modified for the Revised ROC Definition*). The calculation is:

$$ER = [(EF \times SAREA \div 24) \times (1 - CE) \times (HPP)]$$

where: ER = emission rate (lb./period)
 EF = ROC emission factor (lb./ft²-day)
 SAREA = unit surface area (ft²)
 CE = control efficiency
 HPP = operating hours per time period (hrs/period)

Attachment 10.2 contains an emission spreadsheet showing the calculations for the well cellar.

4.4 Other Emission Sources

- 4.4.1 **General Solvent Cleaning/Degreasing:** Solvent usage (not used as thinners for surface coating) occurs on the Beachfront Lease as part of normal daily operations including small cold solvent degreasing and wipe cleaning. Mass balance emission calculations are used assuming all the solvent used evaporates to the atmosphere. Emission estimates and compliance are based on monthly usage data. For the purposes of calculations, the daily emissions are assumed to be equal to the monthly emissions divided by the number of days per month.
- 4.4.2 **Surface Coating:** Surface coating operations typically include normal touch up activities. Entire facility painting programs may also be performed. Emissions are determined based on mass balance calculations assuming all solvents evaporate into the atmosphere. Emissions of

PM/PM₁₀ from paint overspray are not calculated due to the lack of established calculation techniques.

- 4.4.3 **Abrasive Blasting:** Abrasive blasting with CARB certified sands may be performed as a preparation step prior to surface coating. The engines used to power the compressor may be electric or diesel-fired. If diesel-fired, permits will be required unless the engine is registered with CARB. Particulate matter is emitted during this process. A general emission factor of 0.01 pound PM per pound of abrasive is used (SCAQMD - Permit Processing Manual, 1989) to estimate emissions of PM and PM₁₀. When needed for compliance evaluations. A PM/PM₁₀ ratio of 1.0 is assumed.

4.5 Vapor Recovery/Control Systems

The Beachfront Lease is not equipped with a vapor recovery system.

4.6 BACT/NSPS/NESHAP/MACT

All emission units at the Beachfront Lease were constructed prior to 1970. The 1990 ATC for the facility did not trigger any Best Available Control Technology (BACT) provisions of the APCD or the federal NSPS/NESHAP/MACT standards for pollutant emissions.

4.7 CEMS/Process Monitoring/CAM

- 4.7.1 **CEMS:** There are no continuous emission monitors (CEMS) at this facility.

- 4.7.2 **Process Monitoring:** There are no process monitors at this facility.

- 4.7.3 **CAM:** This rule affects emission units at the source subject to a federally enforceable emission limit or standard that uses a control device to comply with the emission standard, and either pre-control or post-control emissions exceed the Part 70 source emission thresholds. A review of the equipment associated with the Beachfront Lease indicates that there are no emission units or activities that are subject to the rule.

4.8 Source Testing/Sampling

Since the Beachfront lease is no longer an actively producing facility, there is no ongoing source testing or sampling requirements.

4.9 Part 70 Engineering Review: Hazardous Air Pollutant Emissions

Hazardous air pollutant emissions from the different categories of emission units at the Beachfront Lease are based on emission factors listed in USEPA AP-42. Where no emission factors are available, the HAP fractions from the ARB VOC Speciation Manual – Second Edition (August 1991) are used in conjunction with the ROC emission factor for the equipment item in question. Potential HAP emissions from each emissions unit at the Beachfront lease are listed in Section 5. The HAP emission factor basis is detailed in Table 10.1-4.

5.0 Emissions

5.1 General

Emissions calculations are divided into "permitted" and "exempt" categories. Permit exempt equipment is determined by APCD Rule 202. The permitted emissions for each emissions unit are based on the equipment's potential to emit (as defined by Rule 102). Section 5.2 details the permitted emissions for each emissions unit. Section 5.3 details the overall permitted emissions for the facility based on reasonable worst-case scenarios using the potential to emit for each emissions unit. Section 5.4 provides the federal potential to emit calculation using the definition of potential to emit used in Rule 1301. Section 5.5 provides the estimated HAP emissions for the Beachfront Lease. Section 5.6 provides the estimated emissions from permit exempt equipment and also serves as the Part 70 list of insignificant emissions. Section 5.7 provides the net emissions increase calculation for the facility and the stationary source. In order to accurately track the emissions from a facility, the APCD uses a computer database. Attachment 10.4 contains the APCD's documentation for the information entered into that database. Consistent with the APCD and federal rules, all marine vessel emissions associated with the Beachfront Lease are to be included in the potential to emit calculations (Note: Venoco has not identified any marine vessel usage associated with the Beachfront Lease).

5.2 Permitted Emission Limits - Emission Units

Each emissions unit associated with the facility was analyzed to determine the potential to emit for the following pollutants:

- ⇒ Nitrogen Oxides (NO_x) ⁶
- ⇒ Reactive Organic Compounds (ROC)
- ⇒ Carbon Monoxide (CO)
- ⇒ Sulfur Oxides (SO_x) ⁷
- ⇒ Particulate Matter (PM) ⁸
- ⇒ Particulate Matter smaller than 10 microns (PM₁₀)

Permitted emissions are calculated for both short term (daily) and long term (annual) time periods. Section 4.0 (Engineering Analysis) provides a general discussion of the basic calculation methodologies and emission factors used. The reference documentation for the specific emission calculations may be found in Section 4 and Attachment 10.1. Table 5.1-1 provides the basic operating characteristics. Table 5.1-2 provides the specific emission factors. Table 5.1-3 shows the permitted short-term and permitted long-term emissions for each unit or operation. In the table, the last column indicates whether the emission limits are federally enforceable. Those emissions limits that are federally enforceable are indicated by the symbol "FE". Those emissions limits that are APCD-only enforceable are indicated by

⁶ Calculated and reported as nitrogen dioxide (NO₂)

⁷ Calculated and reported as sulfur dioxide (SO₂)

⁸ Calculated and reported as all particulate matter smaller than 100 µm

the symbol “A”. Emissions data that are shown for informational purposes only are not enforceable (APCD or federal) and are indicated by the symbol “NE”.

5.3 Permitted Emission Limits - Facility Totals

The total potential to emit for all emission units associated with the facility analyzed. This analysis looked at the reasonable worst-case operating scenarios for each operating period. The equipment operating in each of the scenarios are presented below. Unless otherwise specified, the operating characteristics defined in Table 5.1-1 for each emission unit are assumed. Table 5.2 shows the total permitted emissions for the facility.

Daily Scenario:

- ☞ Well cellar for one oil and gas well head
- ☞ Fugitive emissions from one oil and gas well head

Annual Scenario:

- ☞ Well cellar for one oil and gas well head
- ☞ Fugitive emissions from one oil and gas well head

5.4 Part 70: Federal Potential to Emit for the Facility

Table 5.3 lists the federal Part 70 potential to emit. All project emissions, except fugitive emissions, are counted in the federal definition of potential to emit. However, the fugitives are counted in the federal potential to emit if the facility is subject to any applicable NSPS or NESHAP requirement.

5.5 Part 70: Hazardous Air Pollutant Emissions for the Facility

Total emissions of hazardous air pollutants (HAP) are computed based on the factors listed in Table 5.5-1 for each emissions unit. Potential HAP emissions are shown in Table 5.5-2. These are based on a combination of the worst-case scenario listed in Section 5.3 and estimated exempt emissions shown in Table 5.4.

5.6 Exempt Emission Sources/Part 70 Insignificant Emissions

Equipment/activities exempt from APCD permits pursuant to Rule 202 include:

- Produced water injection well head
- Produced water injection well cellar
- Maintenance operations involving surface coating (painting operations)

Insignificant emission units are defined under APCD Rule 1301 as any regulated air pollutant emitted from the unit, excluding HAPs, that are less than 2 tons per year based on the unit's potential to emit and any HAP regulated under section 112(g) of the Clean Air Act that does not exceed 0.5 ton per year based on the unit's potential to emit. The following emission units are exempt from permit per Rule 202, but are not considered insignificant emission units, since their emissions exceed the federal insignificance threshold:

- Solvents/Surface coating operations including thinners used for maintenance operations (also see above)

Table 5.4 presents the estimated annual emissions from these exempt equipment items, including those exempt items not considered insignificant.

5.7 *Net Emissions Increase Calculation*

This facility's net emissions increases since November 15, 1990 (the day the federal Clean Air Act Amendments was adopted in 1990) are shown in Table 10.2-1. This emissions history is relevant for any future modifications to the Beachfront Lease. Table 10.2-2 shows the stationary source NEI calculations. This stationary source includes Platform Holly, EOF, Beachfront, and Seep Collection facilities.

Table 5.1-1
Venoco Beachfront Lease PT70-APCD PTO 8103 R7
Operating Equipment Description

Equipment Category	Emissions Unit	APCD Equipment No.	Specifications			Usage Data		Maximum Load Schedule			References	
			Fuel	% S	Size	Units	Capacity	Units	hr	day	yr	
Fugitive Components: gas Valves - Accessible			--	--		10 comp-lp	--	--	1	24	2190	8760
Connections - Accessible			--	--		43 comp-lp	--	--	1	24	2190	8760
Fugitive Components: oil Valves - Accessible		106451	--	--		17 comp-lp	--	--	1	24	2190	8760
Valves - Unsafe			--	--		10 comp-lp	--	--	1	24	2190	8760
Connections - Accessible		106452	--	--		89 comp-lp	--	--	1	24	2190	8760
Connections - Unsafe		106453	--	--		28 comp-lp	--	--	1	24	2190	8760
Well Cellar	Well Cellar #421-2	100195	--	--		95 sq.ft		95 sq. ft	1	24	2190	8760
Solvent Usage	Cleaning/degreasing	106334	--	--		1 gal/yr		1 gal/yr	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

Table 5.1-2
Venoco Beachfront Lease PT70-APCD PTO 8103 R7
Equipment Emission Factors

Equipment Category	Emissions Unit	APCD Equipment No.	Emission Factors					Units	References
			NOx	ROC	CO	SOx	PM		
Fugitive Components: gas Valves - Accessible			--	0.018290	--	--	--	lb/day/comp-lp	
Connections - Accessible			--	0.004340	--	--	--	lb/day/comp-lp	
Fugitive Components: oil Valves - Accessible		106451	--	0.000459	--	--	--	lb/day/comp-lp	A
Valves - Unsafe			--	0.002296	--	--	--	lb/day/comp-lp	
Connections - Accessible		106452	--	0.000224	--	--	--	lb/day/comp-lp	
Connections - Unsafe		106453	--	0.001000	--	--	--	lb/day/comp-lp	
Well Cellar	Well Cellar #421-2	100195	--	0.041400	--	--	--	lb/sq. ft./day	B
Solvent Usage	Cleaning/degreasing	106334	--	250	--	--	--	g/l	C

Table 5.1-3
Venoco Beachfront Lease P T70-APCD P TO 8103 R7
Daily and Annual Emissions

Equipment Category	Emissions Unit	APCD Equipment No.	NOx lbs/day	TPY	ROC lbs/day	TPY	CO lbs/day	TPY	SOx lbs/day	TPY	PM lbs/day	TPY	PM10 lbs/day	TPY	Federally Enforced?
Fugitive Components: ga Valves - Accessible			-	-	0.18	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connections - Accessible			-	-	0.19	0.03	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fugitive Components: oil Valves - Accessible		106451	-	-	0.01	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FE
Valves - Unsafe			-	-	0.02	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connections - Accessible		106452	-	-	0.02	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Connections - Unsafe		106453	-	-	0.03	0.01	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			Sub-total:		0.45	0.08									
Well Cellar	Well Cellar #421-2	100195	-	-	3.93	0.72	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FE
Solvent Usage	Cleaning/degreasing	106334	-	-	0.01	0.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	FE
TOTAL:			0.00	0.00	4.39	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	

Notes

FE = Federally enforceable

Table 5.2
Venoco Beachfront Lease PT70-APCD PTO 8103 R7
Total Permitted Facility Emissions

A. Daily (lb/day)

Equipment Category	NOx	ROC	CO	SOx	PM	PM10
Fugitive Components	--	0.45	--	--	--	--
Well Cellar	--	3.93	--	--	--	--
Solvents	--	0.01	--	--	--	--
TOTALS (lb/day)	0.0	4.39	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

B. Annual (Ton/year)

Equipment Category	NOx	ROC	CO	SOx	PM	PM10
Fugitive Components	--	0.08	--	--	--	--
Well Cellar	--	0.72	--	--	--	--
Solvents	--	0.00	--	--	--	--
TOTALS (ton/yr)	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 5.3
Venoco Beachfront Lease PT70-APCD PTO 8103 R7
Federal Potential to Emit

A. Daily (lb/day)

Equipment Category	NOx	ROC	CO	SOx	PM	PM10
Fugitive Components	--	--	--	--	--	--
Well Cellar	--	3.93	--	--	--	--
<u>Solvents</u>	--	<u>0.01</u>	--	--	--	--
TOTALS (lb/day)	0.00	3.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

B. Annual (Ton/year)

Equipment Category	NOx	ROC	CO	SOx	PM	PM10
Fugitive Components	--	--	--	--	--	--
Well Cellar	--	0.72	--	--	--	--
<u>Solvents</u>	--	<u>0.00</u>	--	--	--	--
TOTALS (ton/yr)	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 5.4
Venoco Beachfront Lease PT70-APCD PTO 8103 R7
Estimated APCD Permit Exempt Emissions

A. DAILY (lb/day)

Equipment Category	NO _x	ROC	CO	SO _x	PM	PM10
Surface Coating - Maintenance	=	<u>0.56</u>	=	=	=	=
	0.00	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

B. ANNUAL (tpy)

Equipment Category	NO _x	ROC	CO	SO _x	PM	PM10
Surface Coating - Maintenance	=	<u>0.10</u>	=	=	=	=
	0.00	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 5.5-1
Venoco Beachfront Lease: PT70-APCD PTO 8103 R7
Equipment HAP Emission Factors

Equipment Category	Description	Emission Factors					
		Benzene	Toluene	Xylene	Formaldehyde	PAH	Hexane
Fugitive Components	Valves, fittings, well head	1.47E-06	--	--	--	--	7.75E-05 lb/day-clp
Well Cellar	Well Cellar #421-2	1.17E-03	8.54E-04	--	--	--	2.20E-03 lb/sq. ft./day
Solvent Usage	Cleaning/degreasing	5.00E-03	5.00E-03	5.00E-03	--	--	-- ton/yr

Footnotes:

(a) See Table 10.1-4 for EF basis.

Table 5.5-2
Venoco Beachfront Lease: PT70-APCD PTO 8103 R7
HAP Emissions

Equipment Category	Description	HAP Emissions (tpy)					
		Benzene	Toluene	Xylene	Formaldehyde	PAH	Hexane
Fugitive Components	Valves, fittings, well head	4.557E-06	--	--	--	--	2.404E-04
Well Cellar	Well Cellar #421-2	2.024E-02	1.134E-02	--	--	--	3.811E-02
Solvent Usage	Cleaning/degreasing	5.000E-03	5.000E-03	5.000E-03	--	--	--
SUB- TOTAL HAPS (tpy) =		0.03	0.02	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.04
TOTAL HAPS (tpy) =		0.08					

6.0 Air Quality Impact Analyses

6.1 Modeling

Air quality modeling has not been required for this facility.

6.2 Increments

An air quality increment analysis has not been required for this facility.

6.3 Monitoring

Air quality monitoring is not required for this facility.

6.4 Health Risk Assessment

The Venoco Ellwood stationary source is subject to the Air Toxics Hot-Spots Program (AB-2588). A health risk assessment (HRA) for the Beachfront Lease was prepared by the APCD on April 25, 1997 under the requirements of the Air Toxics "Hot Spots" Information and Assessment Act of 1987 (AB 2588). The HRA is based on 1991 toxic emissions inventory data submitted to the APCD.

Based on the 1991 toxic emissions inventory for the Beachfront Lease, cancer and non-cancer toxic risks off the property were estimated to be below the APCD's AB 2588 significance thresholds.

7.0 CAP Consistency, Offset Requirements and ERCs

7.1 General

The Venoco – Ellwood stationary source is located in an ozone nonattainment area. Santa Barbara County is designated nonattainment for both the federal and state one-hour ambient air quality standards for ozone. In addition, the County is designated nonattainment with the state PM₁₀ ambient air quality standard. Therefore, emissions from all emission units at the stationary source and its constituent facilities must be consistent with the provisions of the USEPA and State approved Clean Air Plans (CAP) and must not interfere with progress toward attainment of federal and state ambient air quality standards. Under APCD regulations, any modifications at the Venoco – Ellwood source that result in an emissions increase of any nonattainment pollutant exceeding 25 lbs/day must apply BACT (NAR). Increases above the offset thresholds will trigger offsets at the source or elsewhere so that there is a net air quality benefit for Santa Barbara County. These offset threshold levels are 55 lbs/day for all non-attainment pollutants except PM₁₀ for which the level is 80 lbs/day.

7.2 Clean Air Plan

Santa Barbara County's air quality has historically violated both the state and federal ozone standards. Since 1999, however, local air quality data show that every monitoring location in the County complied with the federal one-hour ambient air quality standard for ozone. The Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District adopted the 2001 Clean Air Plan (2001 CAP) that demonstrated attainment of the federal one-hour ozone standard and continued maintenance of that standard through 2015. Consequently, on August 8, 2003, the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) designated Santa Barbara County as an attainment area for the federal one-hour ozone standard.

On June 15, 2004, USEPA replaced the federal one-hour ozone standard with an eight-hour ozone standard for Santa Barbara County and most parts of the country. This eight-hour ozone standard, originally promulgated by USEPA on July 18, 1997, is set at 0.08 parts per million measured over eight hours and is more protective of public health and more stringent than the federal one-hour standard. For the purposes of the federal eight-hour ozone standard, Santa Barbara County has been designated attainment.

On August 16, 2007 the APCD Board adopted the 2007 Clean Air Plan to chart a course of action that will provide for ongoing maintenance of the federal eight-hour ozone standard through the year 2014 as well as the expeditious attainment of the state one-hour ozone standard. These plans have been developed for Santa Barbara County as required by both the 1998 California Clean Air Act and the 1990 Federal Clean Air Act Amendments.

7.3 Offset Requirements

The Beachfront Lease does not currently require emission offsets.

7.4 Emission Reduction Credits

The Beachfront Lease does not generate any emission reduction credits.

8.0 Lead Agency Permit Consistency

To the best of the APCD's knowledge, no other governmental agency's permit requires air quality mitigation for the Beachfront Lease.

The APCD is the lead agency for this project. Pursuant to Appendix "A" of the *Environmental Review Guidelines for the Santa Barbara County Air Pollution Control District*, operating permits are exempt from CEQA review.

9.0 Permit Conditions

This section lists the applicable permit conditions for the Beachfront Lease. Section A lists the standard administrative conditions. Section B lists 'generic' permit conditions, including emission standards, for all equipment in this permit. Section C lists conditions affecting specific equipment. Section D lists non-federally enforceable (i.e., APCD only) permit conditions. Conditions listed in Sections A, B and C are enforceable by the USEPA, the APCD, the State of California and the public. Conditions listed in Section D are enforceable only by the APCD and the State of California. Where any reference contained in Sections 9.A, 9.B or 9.C refers to any other part of this permit, that part of the permit referred to is federally enforceable. In case of a discrepancy between the wording of a condition and the applicable federal or APCD rule(s), the wording of the rule shall control.

For the purposes of submitting compliance certifications or establishing whether or not a person has violated or is in violation of any standard in this permit, nothing in the permit shall preclude the use, including the exclusive use, of any credible evidence or information, relevant to whether a source would have been in compliance with applicable requirements if the appropriate performance or compliance test had been performed.

9.A Standard Administrative Conditions

The following federally enforceable administrative permit conditions apply to the Beachfront Lease:

A.1 Compliance with Permit Conditions.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with all permit conditions in Sections 9.A, 9.B and 9.C.
- (b) This permit does not convey property rights or exclusive privilege of any sort.
- (c) Any permit noncompliance with sections 9.A, 9.B, or 9.C constitutes a violation of the Clean Air Act and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit termination, revocation and re-issuance, or modification; or for denial of a permit renewal application.
- (d) It shall not be a defense for the permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.
- (e) A pending permit action or notification of anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.
- (f) Within a reasonable time period, the permittee shall furnish any information requested by the Control Officer, in writing, for the purpose of determining:
 - (i) compliance with the permit, or
 - (ii) whether or not cause exists to modify, revoke and reissue, or terminate a permit or for an enforcement action.
- (g) In the event that any condition herein is determined to be in conflict with any other condition contained herein, then, if principles of law do not provide to the contrary, the condition most protective of air quality and public health and safety shall prevail to the extent feasible.

[Re: 40 CFR Part 70.6.(a)(6), APCD Rules 1303.D.1]

- A.2 **Emergency Provisions.** The permittee shall comply with the requirements of the APCD, Rule 505 (Upset/Breakdown rule) and/or APCD Rule 1303.F, whichever is applicable to the emergency situation. In order to maintain an affirmative defense under Rule 1303.F, the

permittee shall provide the APCD, in writing, a "notice of emergency" within 2 working days of the emergency. The "notice of emergency" shall contain the information/documentation listed in Sections (1) through (5) of Rule 1303.F. [Re: 40 CFR 70.6(g), APCD Rule 1303.F]

A.3 Compliance Plan.

- (a) The permittee shall comply with all federally enforceable requirements that become applicable during the permit term in a timely manner.
- (b) For all applicable equipment, the permittee shall implement and comply with any specific compliance plan required under any federally enforceable rules or standards. [Re: APCD Rule 1302.D.2]

A.4 Right of Entry. The Regional Administrator of USEPA, the Control Officer, or their authorized representatives, upon the presentation of credentials, shall be permitted to enter upon the premises where a Part 70 Source is located or where records must be kept:

- (a) To inspect the stationary source, including monitoring and control equipment, work practices, operations, and emission-related activity;
 - (b) To inspect and duplicate, at reasonable times, records required by this Permit to Operate;
 - (c) To sample substances or monitor emissions from the source or assess other parameters to assure compliance with the permit or applicable requirements, at reasonable times.
- Monitoring of emissions can include source testing.
[Re: APCD Rule 1303.D.2]

A.5 Severability. The provisions of this Permit to Operate are severable and if any provision of this Permit to Operate is held invalid, the remainder of this Permit to Operate shall not be affected thereby. [Re: APCD Rules 103 and 1303.D.1]

A.6 Permit Life. The Part 70 permit shall become invalid three years from the date of issuance unless a timely and complete renewal application is submitted to the APCD. Any operation of the source to which this Part 70 permit is issued beyond the expiration date of this Part 70 permit and without a valid Part 70 operating permit (or a complete Part 70 permit renewal application) shall be a violation of the CAAA, § 502(a) and 503(d) and of the APCD rules.

The permittee shall submit an application for renewal of the Part 70 permit not later than 6 months before the date of the permit expiration. Upon submittal of a timely and complete renewal application, the Part 70 permit shall remain in effect until the Control Officer issues or denies the renewal application. [Re: APCD Rule 1304.D.1]

A.7 Payment of Fees. The permittee shall reimburse the APCD for all its Part 70 permit processing and compliance expenses for the stationary source on a timely basis. Failure to reimburse on a timely basis shall be a violation of this permit and of applicable requirements and can result in forfeiture of the Part 70 permit. Operation without a Part 70 permit subjects the source to potential enforcement action by the APCD and the USEPA pursuant to section 502(a) of the Clean Air Act. [Re: APCD Rules 1303.D.1 and 1304.D.11, 40 CFR 70.6(a)(7)]

A.8 Deviation from Permit Requirements. The permittee shall submit a written report to the APCD documenting each and every deviation from the federally-enforceable requirements of this permit or any applicable federal requirements within 7 days after discovery of the violation, but not later than 180 days after the date of occurrence. The report shall clearly document 1) the probable cause and extent of the deviation 2) equipment involved, 3) the quantity of excess pollutant emissions, if any, and 4) actions taken to correct the deviation. The requirements of this condition shall not apply to deviations reported to APCD in

accordance with Rule 505. *Breakdown Conditions*, or Rule 1303.F *Emergency Provisions*. [APCD Rule 1303.D.1, 40 CFR 70.6(a) (3)]

- A.9 **Reporting Requirements/Compliance Certification.** The permittee shall submit compliance certification reports to the USEPA and the Control Officer every six months. These reports shall be submitted on APCD forms and shall identify each applicable requirement/condition of the permit, the compliance status with each requirement/condition, the monitoring methods used to determine compliance, whether the compliance was continuous or intermittent, and include detailed information on the occurrence and correction of any deviations (excluding emergency upsets) from permit requirement. The reporting periods shall be each half of the calendar year, e.g., January through June for the first half of the year. These reports shall be submitted by September 1 and March 1, respectively, each year. Supporting monitoring data shall be submitted in accordance with the "Semi-Annual Compliance Verification Report" condition in section 9.C. The permittee shall include a written statement from the responsible official, which certifies the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the reports. [Re: APCD Rules 1303.D.1, 1302.D.3, 1303.2.c]
- A.10 **Federally Enforceable Conditions.** Each federally enforceable condition in this permit shall be enforceable by the USEPA and members of the public. None of the conditions in the APCD-only enforceable section of this permit are federally enforceable or subject to public/USEPA review [Re: CAAA, § 502(b)(6), 40 CFR 70.6(b)]
- A.11 **Recordkeeping Requirements.** The permittee shall maintain records of required monitoring information that include the following:
- (a) The date, place as defined in the permit, and time of sampling or measurements;
 - (b) The date(s) analyses were performed;
 - (c) The company or entity that performed the analyses;
 - (d) The analytical techniques or methods used;
 - (e) The results of such analyses; and
 - (f) The operating conditions as existing at the time of sampling or measurement;

The records, as well as all supporting information including calibration and maintenance records, shall be maintained for a minimum of five (5) years from date of initial entry by the permittee and shall be made available to the APCD upon request.
[Re: APCD Rule 1303.D.1.f, 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)(ii)(A)]

- A.12 **Conditions for Permit Reopening.** The permit shall be reopened and revised for cause under any of the following circumstances:
- (a) Additional Requirements: If additional applicable requirements (e.g., NSPS or MACT) become applicable to the source which has an unexpired permit term of three (3) or more years, the permit shall be reopened. Such a reopening shall be completed no later than 18 months after promulgation of the applicable requirement. However, no such reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is later than the date on which the permit is due to expire, unless the original permit or any of its terms and conditions has been extended. All such re-openings shall be initiated only after a 30 day notice of intent to reopen the permit has been provided to the permittee, except that a shorter notice may be given in case of an emergency.
 - (b) Inaccurate Permit Provisions: If the APCD or the USEPA determines that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the

emission standards or other terms or conditions of the permit, the permit shall be reopened. Such re-openings shall be made as soon as practicable.

- (c) Applicable Requirement: If the APCD or the USEPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with any applicable requirement including a federally enforceable requirement, the permit shall be reopened. Such re-openings shall be made as soon as practicable.

Administrative procedures to reopen a permit shall follow the same procedures as apply to initial permit issuance. Re-openings shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists. If the permit is reopened, and revised, it will be reissued with the expiration date that was listed in the permit before the re-opening. [Re: 40 CFR 70.7(f), 40 CFR 70.6(a)]

9.B Generic Conditions

The generic conditions listed below apply to all emission units, regardless of their category or emission rates. These conditions are federally enforceable. Compliance with these requirements is discussed in Section 3. In case of a discrepancy between the wording of a condition and the applicable federal or APCD rule(s), the wording of the rule shall control.

- B.1 **Circumvention (Rule 301)**. A person shall not build, erect, install, or use any article, machine, equipment or other contrivance, the use of which, without resulting in a reduction in the total release of air contaminants to the atmosphere, reduces or conceals an emission which would otherwise constitute a violation of Division 26 (Air Resources) of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California or of these Rules and Regulations. This Rule shall not apply to cases in which the only violation involved is of Section 41700 of the Health and Safety Code of the State of California, or of APCD Rule 303. [Re: APCD Rule 301]
- B.2 **Nuisance (Rule 303)**. No pollutant emissions from any source at Venoco shall create nuisance conditions. No operations shall endanger health, safety or comfort, nor shall they damage any property or business. [Re: APCD Rule 303]
- B.3 **Organic Solvents (Rule 317)**. Venoco shall comply with the emission standards listed in Section B of Rule 317. Compliance with this condition shall be based on Venoco's compliance with the Solvent Usage condition of this permit. [Re: APCD Rule 317]
- B.4 **Metal Surface Coating Thinner and Reducer (Rule 322)**. The use of photochemically reactive solvents as thinners or reducers in metal surface coatings is prohibited. Compliance with this condition shall be based on Venoco's compliance with the Solvent Usage condition of this permit and facility inspections. [Re: APCD Rule 322]
- B.5 **Architectural Coatings (Rule 323)**. Venoco shall comply with the emission standards listed in Section D of Rule 323 as well as the Administrative requirements listed in Section F of Rule 323. Compliance with this condition shall be based on Venoco's compliance with the Solvent Usage condition of this permit and facility inspections. [Re: APCD Rules 323, 317, 322, 324]
- B.6 **Disposal and Evaporation of Solvents (Rule 324)**. Venoco shall not dispose through atmospheric evaporation of more than one and a half gallons of any photochemically reactive solvent per day. Compliance with this condition shall be based on Venoco's compliance

with the Solvent Usage condition of this permit and facility inspections. [Re: APCD Rule 324]

- B.7 **Adhesives and Sealants (Rule 353).** The permittee shall not use adhesives, adhesive bonding primers, adhesive primers, sealants, sealant primers, or any other primers, unless the permittee complies with the following:
- (a) Such materials used are purchased or supplied by the manufacturer or suppliers in containers of 16 fluid ounces or less; or alternately
 - (b) When the permittee uses such materials from containers larger than 16 fluid ounces and the materials are not exempt by Rule 353, Section B.1, the total reactive organic compound emissions from the use of such material shall not exceed 200 pounds per year unless the substances used and the operational methods comply with Sections D, E, F, G, and H of Rule 353. Compliance shall be demonstrated by recordkeeping in accordance with Section B.2 and/or Section O of Rule 353. [Re: APCD Rule 353]
- B.8 **Oil and Natural Gas Production MACT.** Venoco shall maintain records for the Beachfront facility in accordance with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart A, Section 63.10(b)(1) and (3). [Re: 40 CFR 63, Subpart HH]
- B.9 **CARB Registered Portable Equipment.** State registered portable equipment shall comply with State registration requirements. A copy of the State registration shall be readily available whenever the equipment is at the facility. [Re: APCD Rule 202]

9.C Equipment Specific Conditions

This section includes non-generic federally enforceable conditions, including emissions and operations limits, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting are included in this section for each specific equipment group. This section may also contain other non-generic conditions.

- C.1 **Fugitive Hydrocarbon Emissions Components.** The following equipment units are included in this emissions unit category:

APCD ID No.	Venoco Equipment ID No.	Name
		<i>Oil Service Components</i>
106452	Not Applicable	Connections – Accessible (89 comp-l-p)
106453	Not Applicable	Connections – Unsafe (28 comp-l-p)
106451	Not Applicable	Valves – Accessible (17 comp-l-p)
111143	Not Applicable	Valves – Unsafe (10 comp-l-p)
		<i>Gas-Light Liquid Service Components</i>
111145	Not Applicable	Valves – Accessible (10 comp-l-p)
111146	Not Applicable	Connections – Accessible (43 comp-l-p)

- (a) Emission Limits: Mass emissions from the components listed above shall not exceed the limits listed in Table 5.1-3. Compliance with these limits shall be assessed through compliance with the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting conditions in this permit.
- (b) Operational Limits: Operation of the equipment listed in this section shall conform to the requirements listed in APCD Rule 331.D and E. Compliance with these limits shall be assessed through compliance with the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting conditions in this permit. In addition Venoco shall meet the following requirement:

The APCD-approved I&M Plan for the Beachfront Lease (dated 5/28/02) shall be implemented for the life of the project. The Plan, and any subsequent APCD-approved revisions, is incorporated by reference as an enforceable part of this permit.

- (c) Monitoring: The equipment listed in this section are subject to all the monitoring requirements listed in APCD Rule 331.F. The test methods in Rule 331.H shall be used, when applicable.
- (d) Recordkeeping: The equipment listed in this section are subject to all the recordkeeping requirements listed in APCD Rule 331.G.
- (e) Reporting: The equipment listed in this section is subject to all the reporting requirements listed in APCD Rule 331.G. On a semi-annual basis, a report detailing the previous six month's activities shall be provided to the APCD. The report must list all data required by the Compliance Verification Reports condition of this permit. [Reference: APCD ATC 8103, APCD Rule 331, 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)]

C.2 **Well Cellar.** The following equipment is included in this emissions category:

APCD ID No.	Venoco Equipment ID No.	Equipment
100195	SLC 421-2	Oil / Gas Well Cellar (11 ft. diameter, 95 sq. ft area)

- (a) Emission Limits: Mass emissions from the oil service components listed above shall not exceed the limits listed in Table 5.1-3. Compliance with these limits shall be assessed through compliance with the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting conditions in this permit.
- (b) Operational Limits: All process operations from the equipment listed in this section shall meet the requirements of APCD Rule 344.D.3. Compliance with this provision shall be assessed through compliance with the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting conditions in this permit.
- (c) Monitoring: The equipment listed in this section is subject to all the monitoring requirements listed in APCD Rule 344.F. In addition, Venoco shall:
- Inspect the well cellars-on a weekly basis to ensure that the liquid depth and the oil/petroleum depth does not exceed the limits in Rule 344.D.3.C.
- (d) Recordkeeping: The equipment listed in this section is subject to all the recordkeeping requirements listed in APCD Rule 344.G.2.
- (e) Reporting: On a semi-annual basis, a report detailing the previous six month's activities shall be provided to the APCD. The report must list all data required by the Compliance Verification Reports condition of this permit. [Re: ATC 8103, APCD Rule 344 and 1303, 40 CFR 70.6(a)(3)]

C.3 **Solvent/Coating Use.** The following equipment is included in this emissions unit category:

APCD ID No.	Name
106334	Solvents - Cleaning/Degreasing (<i>not as part of regular maintenance</i>)
106334	Surface Coating (<i>that also includes solvents used as thinners</i>)

- (a) Emission Limits: The solvent emission limits outlined in APCD Rule 317.B are federally enforceable for the entire stationary source.
- (b) Operational Limits: Use of solvents for cleaning/degreasing and maintenance surface coating shall conform to the requirements of APCD Rules 317, 321, 322, 323 and 324. Compliance with these rules shall be assessed through compliance with the monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting conditions in this permit and facility inspections.
- (i) *Containers* - Vessels or containers used for storing materials containing organic solvents shall be kept closed unless adding to or removing material from the vessel or container.

- (ii) *Materials* - All materials that have been soaked with cleanup solvents shall be stored, when not in use, in closed containers that are equipped with tight seals.
 - (iii) *Solvent Leaks* - Solvent leaks shall be minimized to the maximum extent feasible or the solvent shall be removed to a sealed container and the equipment taken out of service until repaired.
 - (iv) *Reclamation Plan* - Venoco may submit a Plan to the APCD for the disposal of any reclaimed solvent. If the Plan is approved by the District, all solvent disposed of pursuant to the Plan will not be assumed to have evaporated as emissions into the air and, therefore, will not be counted as emissions from the source. Venoco shall obtain APCD approval of the procedures used for such a disposal Plan. The Plan shall detail all procedures used for collecting, storing and transporting the reclaimed solvent. Further, the ultimate fate of these reclaimed solvents must be stated in the Plan.
- (c) Recordkeeping: Venoco shall record in a log the following on a monthly basis for each solvent and coating used: amount used; the percentage of ROC by weight (as applied); the solvent density; the amount of solvent reclaimed for District-approved disposal; whether the solvent is photochemically reactive; and, the resulting emissions to the atmosphere in units of pounds per month and pounds per day. Product sheets (MSDS or equivalent) detailing the constituents of all solvents shall be maintained in a readily accessible location.
- (d) Reporting: On a semi-annual basis, a report detailing the previous six month's activities shall be provided to the APCD. The report must list all data required by the *Semi-Annual Compliance Verification Reports* condition of this permit.
[Re: APCD Rules 317, 322, 323, 324, 1301 and 1303, 40 CFR 70.6]
- C.4 **Recordkeeping.** All records and logs required by this permit and any applicable APCD, state or federal rule or regulation shall be maintained for a minimum of five calendar years from the date of information collection and log entry at the Beachfront Lease. These records or logs shall be readily accessible and be made available to the APCD upon request. [Re: APCD Rule 1303, ATC 8103, PTO 8103 40 CFR 70.6]
- C.5 **Semi-Annual Monitoring/Compliance Verification Reports.** Twice a year, Venoco shall submit a compliance verification report to the APCD. Each report shall be used to verify compliance with the prior two calendar quarters. The first report shall cover calendar quarters 1 and 2 (January through June) and shall be submitted no later than September 1. The second report shall cover calendar quarters 3 and 4 (July through December) and shall be submitted no later than March 1. Each report shall contain information necessary to verify compliance with the emission limits and other requirements of this permit (if applicable for that quarter). These reports shall be in a format approved by the APCD. All logs and other basic source data not included in the report shall be available to the APCD upon request. The second report shall also include an annual report for the prior four quarters. Pursuant to Rule 212, a completed *APCD Annual Emissions Inventory* questionnaire shall be included in the annual report *or submitted electronically via the APCD website*. The report shall include the following information:
- (a) *Fugitive Hydrocarbons*. Rule 331/Enhanced Monitoring fugitive hydrocarbon I&M program data (on a quarterly basis):

- (1) Inspection summary.
 - (2) Record of leaking components.
 - (3) Record of leaks from critical components.
 - (4) Record of leaks from components that incur five repair actions within a continuous 12-month period.
 - (5) Record of component repair actions including dates of component re-inspections.
 - (6) An updated FHC I&M inventory due to change in component list or diagrams.
 - (7) Listing of components installed as BACT under APCD Rule 331 and/or Regulation VIII as approved by the APCD.
- (b) *Well Cellar*. The following records are required to reported:
- (1) All records required by APCD Rule 344.
- (c) *Solvent Usage*. The following records are required to reported:
- (1) Solvent Cleaning Degreasing: On a monthly basis: the amount of solvent used; the percentage of ROC by weight (as applied); the solvent density; the amount of solvent reclaimed; whether the solvent is photochemically reactive; and, the resulting emissions of ROC and photochemically reactive solvents to the atmosphere in units of pounds per month.
 - (2) Surface Coating – Maintenance: On a monthly basis: the amount of solvent and coatings used; the percentage of ROC by weight (as applied); the solvent density; the amount of solvent reclaimed; whether the solvent is photochemically reactive; and, the resulting emissions of ROC and photochemically reactive solvents to the atmosphere in units of pounds per month.
 - (3) Information required by the Solvent Reclamation Plan, if any.
- (d) *General Reporting Requirements*. The following records are required to reported:
- (1) On quarterly and annual basis, the emissions from each permitted emission unit for each criteria pollutant. Also include a quarterly and annual emissions summary for each criteria pollutant.
 - (2) On quarterly and annual basis, the emissions from each exempt emission unit for each criteria pollutant. Also include a quarterly and annual emissions summary for each criteria pollutant.
 - (3) A copy of the Rule 202 De Minimis Log for the stationary source.

Also see Section 9.D for additional APCD required reporting requirements.
 [Re: Rule 202, Rule 317, Rule 325, Rule 331, Rule 344]

- C.6 **Permitted Equipment.** Only those equipment items listed in Attachment 10.5 are covered by the requirements of this permit and District Rule 201.B. [Re: APCD Rule 1303, ATC 8103, PTO 8103]
- C.7 **Mass Emission Limitations.** Mass emissions for each equipment item (i.e., emissions unit) associated with the Beachfront Lease shall not exceed the values listed in Table 5.1-3. Emissions for the entire facility shall not exceed the total limits listed in Table 5.2. [Re: APCD Rule 1303, ATC 8103, PTO 8103, 40 CFR 70.6]
- C.8 **Emergency Episode Plan.** As necessary, Venoco shall implement the Emergency Episode Plan for the Venoco Ellwood stationary source. Upon written request by the APCD, Venoco shall provide the APCD with an updated plan. [Re: APCD Rule 603 and 1303]

9.D **APCD-Only Conditions**

The following section lists permit conditions that are not enforceable by the USEPA or the public. However, these conditions are enforceable by the APCD and the State of California. These conditions are issued pursuant to APCD Rule 206 (*Conditional Approval of Authority to Construct or Permit to Operate*), which states that the Control Officer may issue an operating permit subject to specified conditions. Permit conditions have been determined as being necessary for this permit to ensure that operation of the Beachfront Lease complies with all applicable local and state air quality rules, regulations and laws. Failure to comply with any condition specified pursuant to the provisions of Rule 206 shall be a violation of that rule, this permit, as well as any applicable section of the California Health & Safety Code and any applicable requirement.

- D.1 **Condition Acceptance.** Acceptance of this operating permit by Venoco shall be considered as acceptance of all terms, conditions, and limits of this permit.
- D.2 **Grounds for Revocation.** Failure to abide by and faithfully comply with this permit shall constitute grounds for revocation pursuant to California Health & Safety Code Section 42307 *et seq.*
- D.3 **Defense of Permit.** Venoco agrees, as a condition of the issuance and use of this PTO, to defend at its sole expense any action brought against the APCD because of the issuance of this permit. Venoco shall reimburse the APCD for any and all costs including, but not limited to, court costs and attorney's fees which the APCD may be required by a court to pay as a result of such action. The APCD may, at its sole discretion, participate in the defense of any such action, but such participation shall not relieve Venoco of its obligation under this condition. The APCD shall bear its own expenses for its participation in the action.
- D.4 **Reimbursement of Costs.** All reasonable expenses, as defined in APCD Rule 210, incurred by the APCD, APCD contractors, and legal counsel for all activities related to the implementation of Regulation XIII (*Part 70 Operating Permits*) that follow the issuance of this PTO permit, including but not limited to permit condition implementation, compliance verification and emergency response, directly and necessarily related to enforcement of the permit shall be reimbursed by Venoco as required by Rule 210.
- D.5 **Access to Records and Facilities.** As to any condition that requires for its effective enforcement the inspection of records or facilities by the District or its agents, Venoco shall make such records available or provide access to such facilities upon notice from the District. Access shall mean access consistent with California Health and Safety Code Section 41510 and Clean Air Act Section 114A.
- D.6 **Compliance.** Nothing contained within this permit shall be construed to allow the violation of any local, State or Federal rule, regulation, ambient air quality standard or air quality increment.
- D.7 **Consistency with Analysis.** Operation under this permit shall be conducted consistent with all data, specifications and assumptions included with the application and supplements thereof (as documented in the APCD's project file) and the APCD's analyses under which this permit is issued.

- D.8 **Consistency with Federal, State and Local Permits.** Nothing in this permit shall relax any air pollution control requirement imposed on the Beachfront Lease by the State of California or the California Coastal Commission in any consistency determination for the Project with the California Coastal Act, or by any other governmental agency.
- D.9 **Odorous Organic Sulfides (Rule 310).** Venoco shall not discharge into atmosphere H₂S and organic sulfides that result in a ground level impact beyond the Venoco property boundary in excess of 0.06 ppmv averaged over 3 minutes or 0.03 ppmv averaged over 1 hour. [Re: APCD Rule 310]
- D.10 **Compliance Verification Reports.** Twice a year, Venoco shall submit a compliance verification report to the APCD. Each report shall be used to verify compliance with the prior two calendar quarters. The first report shall cover calendar quarters 1 and 2 (January through June) and shall be submitted no later than September 1. The second report shall cover calendar quarters 3 and 4 (July through December) and shall be submitted no later than March 1. Each report shall contain information necessary to verify compliance with the emission limits and other requirements of this permit (if applicable for that quarter). These reports shall be in a format approved by the APCD. All logs and other basic source data not included in the report shall be available to the APCD upon request. The second report shall also include an annual report for the prior four quarters. Pursuant to Rule 212, the annual report shall include a completed *APCD Annual Emissions Inventory* questionnaire or submitted electronically via the APCD website. In addition to the information required from Section 9.C of this permit, the semi-annual compliance reports shall include the following information:
- (a) *General Reporting Requirements.*
- (i) Breakdowns and variances reported/obtained per Regulation V along with the excess emissions that accompanied each occurrence
 - (ii) A summary of each and every occurrence of non-compliance with the provisions of this permit, APCD rules, and any other applicable air quality requirement.
- D.11 **Operation/Throughput Limitations.** The following throughput limitations shall not be exceeded by the Beachfront Lease:
- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Oil Production ^a (dry) | 250 bbl./day |
| Gas Production | 0.0 SCFD |
- a. Calculated as monthly production divided by the number of production days.
- Before resuming oil production under APCD-approved permits, Venoco shall obtain District approval of an Oil Production Metering Plan that specifies how Venoco will demonstrate compliance with the throughput limit of this condition.
- D.12 **Abrasive Blasting Equipment.** All abrasive blasting activities performed at the facility shall comply with the requirements of the California Administrative Code Title 17, Sections 92000 through 92530.
- D.13 **Documents Incorporated by Reference.** The documents listed below, including any APCD-approved updates thereof, are incorporated herein and shall have the full force and effect of a permit condition for this operating permit:

Fugitive Components Inspection and Maintenance Plan (dated March, 2003 and approved by the APCD in August 2005) and any subsequent APCD-approved updates.

AIR POLLUTION CONTROL OFFICER

DEC 29 2008

Date

NOTES:

- (a) Permit Reevaluation Due Date: December, 2011
- (b) Part 70 Operating Permit Expiration Date: December, 2011

RECOMMENDATION

It is recommended that this PTO be issued with the conditions specified in the permit.

Be E/H
AQ Engineer

12/24/08

Bum JM
Engineering Supervisor

12/24/08

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10.0 Attachments

10.1 *Emission Calculation Documentation*

10.2 *NEI Calculations*

10.3 *Fee Calculations*

10.4 *IDS Database Emission Tables*

10.5 *Equipment List*

10.6 *Exempt / Part 70 Insignificant Equipment List*

10.7 *Venoco Comments on the Draft Permit and APCD Responses*

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10.1 Emission Calculation Documentation

This attachment contains relevant emission calculation documentation used for the emission tables in Section 5. Refer to Section 4 for the general equations. Supporting calculation spreadsheets are attached to this Section as tables, where necessary. The letters A-C refer to Tables 5.1-1 and 5.1-2.

Reference A - Fugitive Components (Component Leak Path Method)

- ☞ The maximum operating schedule is in units of hours
- ☞ All safe to monitor components are credited an 80 percent control efficiency. Unsafe to monitor components (as defined in Rule 331) are considered uncontrolled,
- ☞ The component leak path definition differs from the Rule 331 definition of a component. A typical leak path count for a valve would be equal to 4 (one valve stem, a bonnet connection and two flanges).
- ☞ Leak path counts are provided by applicant. The leak path count was established by PTO Mod 8103 01. This count represents Venoco's best estimated count for the component-leak-paths for this facility as of that date.

Reference B - Well Cellar

- ☞ The maximum load schedule is in units of hours.
- ☞ Emission calculation methodology based on the CARB/KVB report *Emission Characteristics of Crude Oil Production Operations in California (1/83)* as implemented in APCD P&P 6100.060 and the APCD spreadsheet (attached).
- ☞ Calculations are based on surface area of the cellar. Control efficiency of 70% assumed for compliance with Rule 344.

Reference C - Solvents

- ☞ All solvents not used in or to thin surface coatings are included in this equipment category.
- ☞ Annual emission rates per prior permit. Daily number is annualized.

FUGITIVE HYDROCARBON CALCULATIONS - CARB/KVB METHOD

ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Attachment: 1
 Company: Venoco
 Facility: Beachfront Lease
 Processed by: SKM
 Date: 12-Aug-2005
 Path & File Name:

Attachment: 10.1-3
 Version: fhc-kvb5.xls
 Date: 24-Oct-00

\\bscpc4.saf.kva.com\Groups\ENGR\WP\PT705\ROE\PERMITS\1018\G-PROD\Venoco-Ethanol\Venoco Part 70 Permit - 2005\2009 PT70-APCD Permit for Beachfront\Part 70-APCD PT0 8103-R7 Beachfront.ab\Emisio

Reference: CARB speciation profiles #s 529, 530, 531, 532

Data	Value	Units
Number of Active Wells at Facility	1	wells
Facility Gas Production	0	scf/day
Facility Dry Oil Production	250	bbls/day
Facility Gas to Oil Ratio (if > 500 then default to 501)	0	scf/bbl
API Gravity	34.6	degrees API
Facility Model Number	1	dimensionless
No. of Steam Drive Wells with Control Vents	0	wells
No. of Steam Drive Wells with Uncontrol Vents	0	wells
No. of Cyclic Steam Drive Wells with Control Vents	0	wells
No. of Cyclic Steam Drive Wells with Uncontrol Vents	0	wells
Composite Valve and Fitting Emission Factor	2.4868	lb/day-well

Lease Model	Valve	Fitting	Composite	
	ROG Emission Factor Without Ethane	ROG Emission Factor Without Ethane	ROG Emission Factor Without Ethane	
1	1.4921	0.9947	2.4868	lbs/day-well
2	0.6999	0.6092	1.3091	lbs/day-well
3	0.0217	0.0673	0.0890	lbs/day-well
4	4.5090	2.1319	6.6409	lbs/day-well
5	0.8628	1.9424	2.8053	lbs/day-well
6	1.7079	2.5006	4.2085	lbs/day-well

Model #1: Number of wells on lease is less than 10 and the GOR is less than 500.
 Model #2: Number of wells on lease is between 10 and 50 and the GOR is less than 500.
 Model #3: Number of wells on lease is greater than 50 and the GOR is less than 500.
 Model #4: Number of wells on lease is less than 10 and the GOR is greater than 500.
 Model #5: Number of wells on lease is between 10 and 50 and the GOR is greater than 500.
 Model #6: Number of wells on lease is greater than 50 and the GOR is greater than 500.

Emission Calculation by Emission Unit

Well Heads Emission Calculations

	<u>Active Units?</u>	<u>Uncontrolled</u>	<u>Controlled</u>	(80% I&M Control Assumed)
Number of Wells	1			wells
Wellhead emissions		0.0097	0.00194	ROC (lb/well-day)
Total:		0.0097	0.00194	ROC (lb/well-day)

Well Cellars

Efficiency Factor:	(70% for well cellars) =		70% control
Unit Type/Emissions Factor	Heavy Oil Service	Light Oil Service	
Primary	0.0941	0.138	(lb ROC/ft ² -day)
Secondary	0.0126	0.018	(lb ROC/ft ² -day)
Tertiary	0.0058	0.0087	(lb ROC/ft ² -day)

Surface Area and Type (emissions in lbs/day)

Description/Name	Number	Area (ft ²)	Primary	Secondary	Tertiary
Well Cellars ^(a)	1	95	3.93	0.00	0.00
(a) A 70% reduction is applied for implementation of Rule 344 (Sumps, Pits, and Well Cellars).			3.93	0.00	0.00

ROC Emission Calculation Summary Results Table Reactive Organic Compounds^(c)

	lbs/hr	lbs/day	tons/year
Valves and Fittings ^(a)	0.02	0.50	0.09
Well Cellars ^(b)	0.16	3.93	0.72
Well Heads ^(a)	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total Facility FHC Emissions (ROC)	0.18	4.43	0.81

a: Emissions amount reflect an 80% reduction due to Rule 331 implementation.

b: Emissions reflect control efficiencies where applicable.

c: Due to rounding, the totals may not appear correct

10.2 NEI Calculations

The NEI calculations for the Beachfront Lease and the Ellwood Stationary Source are presented in Tables 10.2-1 and 10.2-2.

Table 10.2-1
Venoco Beachfront Lease: Reeval 8103-R7
Facility #3035 NEI-90

I. This Project's "I" NEI-90

Permit No.	Date Issued	NOx		ROC		CO		SOx		PM		PM10	
		lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr
n/a													

II. This Facility's "P1s"

Enter all facility "P1" NEI-90s below:

Permit No.	Date Issued	NOx		ROC		CO		SOx		PM		PM10	
		lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr
n/a		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Notes: (1) Facility NEI from IDS. (2) Totals only apply to permits for this facility ID. Totals may not appear correct due to rounding. (3) Because of rounding, values in this table shown as 0.00 are less than 0.005, but greater than zero.													

III. This Facility's "P2" NEI-90 Decreases

Enter all facility "P2" NEI-90s below:

Permit No.	Date Issued	NOx		ROC		CO		SOx		PM		PM10	
		lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr
n/a													
Totals		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Notes: (1) Facility NEI from IDS. (2) Totals only apply to permits for this facility ID. Totals may not appear correct due to rounding. (3) Because of rounding, values in this table shown as 0.00 are less than 0.005, but greater than zero.													

IV. This Facility's Pre-90 "D" Decreases

Enter all facility "D" decreases below:

Permit No.	Date Issued	NOx		ROC		CO		SOx		PM		PM10	
		lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr
n/a													
Totals		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Notes: (1) Facility "D" from IDS. (2) Totals only apply to permits for this facility ID. Totals may not appear correct due to rounding. (3) Because of rounding, values in this table shown as 0.00 are less than 0.005, but greater than zero.													

V. Calculate This Facility's NEI-90

Table below summarizes facility NEI-90 as equal to: I+ (P1-P2) -D

Term	NOx		ROC		CO		SOx		PM		PM10	
	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr
Project "I"	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
P2	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
D	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
FNEI-90	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Notes: (1) Resultant FNEI-90 from above Section I thru IV data. (2) Totals only apply to permits for this facility ID. Totals may not appear correct due to rounding. (3) Because of rounding, values in this table shown as 0.00 are less than 0.005, but greater than zero.												

Table 10.2-2
Venoco Beachfront Lease: Reeval 8103-R7
NEI-90

Facility No.	Effective Permit	Effective Date	NOx		ROC		CO		SOx		PM		PM10	
			lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr	lb/day	ton/yr
0028	Reeval 7904-R8	current	48.63	6.26	36.77	5.73	223.39	70.75	35.03	2.89	16.85	2.29	16.85	2.29
3105	Reeval 8234-R7	current	6.28	1.11	10.93	1.93	28.29	4.71	2.34	1.06	1.38	0.23	1.38	0.23
1065	PT-70/Reeval 4441-R4	current	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3035	PT-70/Reeval 8103-R7	current	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Totals =			54.91	7.37	47.70	7.66	251.68	75.46	37.37	3.95	18.23	2.52	18.23	2.52

Notes:

- (1) Facility NEI from IDs.
- (2) Totals only apply to permits for this facility ID. Totals may not appear correct due to rounding.
- (3) Because of rounding, values in this table shown as 0.00 are less than 0.005, but greater than zero.

10.3 Fee Calculations:

All permit fees for the reevaluation of the Beachfront Lease are based on the fee schedules of Rule 210. The APCD has calculated these fees based on the CPI adjusted Rule 210 fee schedules and current equipment lists.

All work performed with respect to implementing the requirements of the Part 70 Operating Permit program are assessed on a cost reimbursement basis pursuant to APCD Rule 210.

FEE STATEMENT

PT-70/Reeval No. 08103 - R7

FID: 03035 Beachfront Lease / SSID: 01063



Device Fee

Device No.	Device Name	Fee Schedule	Qty of Fee Units	Fee per Unit	Max or Min. Fee Apply?	Number of Same Devices	Pro Rate Factor	Device Fee	Penalty Fee?	Fee Credit	Total per Line
100195	Oil and Gas Well Cellar: SLC 421-2	A1.a	1.000	58.66	No	1	1.000	58.66	0.00	0.00	58.66
100194	Oil & Gas Wellhead: SLC-421-2	A1.a	1.000	58.66	No	1	1.000	58.66	0.00	0.00	58.66
Device Fee Sub-Totals =											
Device Fee Total =								\$117.32	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$117.32

Permit Fee

Minimum Reeval Fee

365.00

Fee Statement Grand Total = \$365

Notes:

- (1) Fee Schedule Items are listed in APCD Rule 210, Fee Schedule "A".
- (2) The term "Units" refers to the unit of measure defined in the Fee Schedule.

10.4 IDS Database Emission Tables

Table 1
Permitted Potential to Emit (PPTE)

	NO _x	ROC	CO	SO _x	PM	PM ₁₀
Part 70/PTO 8103-R7						
lb/day	0.00	4.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
tons/year	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 2
Facility Potential to Emit (FPTE)

	NO _x	ROC	CO	SO _x	TSP	PM ₁₀
Part 70/PTO 8103-R7						
lb/day	0.00	4.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
tons/year	0.00	0.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 3
Federal Potential to Emit (PT 70 FPTE)

	NO _x	ROC	CO	SO _x	PM	PM ₁₀
Part 70/PTO 8103-R7						
lb/day	0.00	3.94	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
tons/year	0.00	0.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 4
Facility Net Emission Increase Since 1990 (FNEI-90)

	NO _x	ROC	CO	SO _x	PM	PM ₁₀
Part 70/PTO 8103-R7						
lb/day	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
tons/year	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Table 5
Facility Exempt Emissions (FXMT)

	NO _x	ROC	CO	SO _x	PM	PM ₁₀
Part 70/PTO 8103-R7						
lb/day	0.00	0.56	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
tons/year	0.00	0.1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

10.5 Equipment List

1 Oil and Gas Well Cellar: SLC 421-2			
Device ID #	100195	Device Name	Oil and Gas Well Cellar: SLC 421-2
Rated Heat Input		Physical Size	95.03 Square Feet Cellar Area
Manufacturer		Operator ID	
Model		Serial Number	
Location Note			
Device Description	Serving SLC-421-2, diameter 11', located on Pier SLC-421-2.		
2 Oil & Gas Wellhead: SLC-421-2			
Device ID #	100194	Device Name	Oil & Gas Wellhead: SLC-421-2
Rated Heat Input		Physical Size	
Manufacturer		Operator ID	
Model		Serial Number	
Location Note	Located on Pier SLC-421-2.		
Device Description	Wellhead located on Pier SLC-421-2.		
3 Fugitive Components - Leak Paths Method			
3.1 Components in Oil Service			
3.1.1 Valves -- Accessible			
Device ID #	106451	Device Name	Valves -- Accessible
Rated Heat Input		Physical Size	17.00 Component Leakpath
Manufacturer		Operator ID	
Model		Serial Number	
Location Note			
Device Description			
3.1.2 Connections -- Accessible			
Device ID #	106452	Device Name	Connections -- Accessible
Rated Heat Input		Physical Size	89.00 Component Leakpath
Manufacturer		Operator ID	
Model		Serial Number	
Location Note			
Device Description			
3.1.3 Connections -- Unsafe			
Device ID #	106453	Device Name	Connections -- Unsafe
Rated Heat Input		Physical Size	28.00 Component Leakpath
Manufacturer		Operator ID	
Model		Serial Number	
Location Note			
Device Description			

3.1.4 Valves - Unsafe

<i>Device ID #</i>	<i>Device Name</i>	<i>Valves - Unsafe</i>
111143		
<i>Rated Heat Input</i>	<i>Physical Size</i>	10.00 Component Leakpath
<i>Manufacturer</i>	<i>Operator ID</i>	
<i>Model</i>	<i>Serial Number</i>	
<i>Location Note</i>		
<i>Device Description</i>		

3.2 Components in Gas Service**3.2.1 Valves - Accessible**

<i>Device ID #</i>	<i>Device Name</i>	<i>Valves - Accessible</i>
111145		
<i>Rated Heat Input</i>	<i>Physical Size</i>	10.00 Component Leakpath
<i>Manufacturer</i>	<i>Operator ID</i>	
<i>Model</i>	<i>Serial Number</i>	
<i>Location Note</i>		
<i>Device Description</i>		

3.2.2 Connections - Accessible

<i>Device ID #</i>	<i>Device Name</i>	<i>Connections - Accessible</i>
111146		
<i>Rated Heat Input</i>	<i>Physical Size</i>	43.00 Component Leakpath
<i>Manufacturer</i>	<i>Operator ID</i>	
<i>Model</i>	<i>Serial Number</i>	
<i>Location Note</i>		
<i>Device Description</i>		

10.6 APCD Permit Exempt / Part 70 Insignificant Equipment List

The list below designates Rule 202 permit exempt list of emissions units at the Beachfront Lease. Unless where otherwise noted by a double asterisk (**), this list also serves to designate those emission units as Insignificant under Part 70.

1 Injection Well Cellar 421-1

Device Number: 001855 Operator ID Number:

Number of Devices: 1

Manufacturer: Make: Model: Serial No:

Parameter Size:

Device Description: Produced water cellar. Serving SLC-421-1, located on Pier SLC-421-1.

2 Injection Wellhead 421-1

Device Number: 001854 Operator ID Number:

Number of Devices: 1

Manufacturer: Make: Model: Serial No:

Parameter Size:

Device Description: Produced water injection wellhead. Serving SLC-421-1, located on Pier SLC-421-1.

10.7 Venoco Comments on the Draft Permit and APCD Responses

Subject	Venoco Comment	APCD Response
Stationary Source	Venoco notes that they are currently prohibited from producing from the Beachfront Lease to EOF and requests that the Beachfront Lease be removed from the Venoco-Ellwood stationary source at this time.	The Beachfront Lease was previously determined to be part of the Venoco-Ellwood stationary source, and has been included as part of the Part 70 stationary source permits since 1998. The APCD is not aware of any change in circumstances that would affect the historical stationary source designation. In order for the APCD to consider whether there is any merit to separating the Beachfront Lease from the existing Venoco-Ellwood stationary source, Venoco must first submit a detailed analysis based on the APCD Rule 102 stationary source definition. A detailed analysis with supporting information is critical given the NSR and Part 70 permitting, and AB2588 ramifications.

